



ROCKJUMPER

Worldwide Birding Adventures

Colombia II Trip Report Andean Endemics & Santa Marta Extension

25th November to 17th December 2010



Gorgeted Woodstar, Group photo and Gold-ringed Tanager. All photos by David Shackelford

Tour Leader: David Shackelford

Some of our top birds included:

1. Bearded Helmetcrest
2. Yellow-eared Parrot
3. Gold-ringed Tanager
4. Long-wattled Umbrellabird
5. Red-ruffed Fruitcrow
6. Vermilion Cardinal
7. Northern Screamer
8. Bicolored Antpitta
9. Ocellated Tapaculo
10. Multicolored Tanager



Red-ruffed Fruitcrow and Tawny Antpitta

Tour Summary

Hosting a staggering diversity of habitats, Colombia supports more species of birds than any other nation on earth. Our tour covered the length of the country in search of numerous endemics and regional avian specialties, ranging from the isolated mountains of Santa Marta in the north to remote parts of the high Andes in the south above the Magdalena and Cauca Valleys. Unusually heavy rains this season made for often muddy conditions and on several occasions we needed to rearrange our itinerary because of severe landslides. Despite this challenge, we still managed to access every intended birding site plus include a few bonus locations, resulting in a remarkable collection of over 700 species, including more than 60 species of colorful tanagers, 12 species of furtive antpittas, and over 70 species of dazzling hummingbirds!

Departing from Colombia's capital city of Bogota, we flew northward towards the Caribbean coast until we were looking down over the snow-capped peaks of the lofty Santa Marta Mountains. This isolated range supports a phenomenal array of biodiversity including numerous endemics and localized species, although it is a relatively small range of forest since much of the territory remains either inaccessible or deforested for agriculture. Upon arrival we set out immediately, winding our way up the foothills where we were soon sifting through mega-flocks swarming with activity, including an abundance of Neotropical migrant warblers, tanagers, vireos, grosbeaks and flycatchers, plus resident species such as the scarce Coppery Emerald, White-bearded Manakin, Sooty-capped Hermit, the endemic subspecies of Golden-faced Tyrannulet and Rufous-breasted (Ferruginous) Antpitta, Crested Oropendola, Rufous-tailed Jacamar, and several memorable Golden-winged Sparrow encounters in the dense undergrowth. Passing by innumerable waterfalls cascading down the slopes we found our first skulking Santa Marta Tapaculo before an active flock pulled our attention away that contained Santa Marta Brush Finch, a vocal pair of arboreal Streak-capped Spinetail, excellent views of the secretive Santa Marta Foliage-gleaner, and the endemic White-lored Warbler. An afternoon bonus was finding the aptly-named Blossomcrown that showed superbly feeding on native flowers before we continued in our 4x4 jeeps to the San Lorenzo Station high on the mountainside. After a hearty traditional dinner we concluded the evening by walking through the stunted forest nearby, coaxing into view a vocal Santa Marta Screech Owl that posed perfectly in the spotlight.

Early the next morning we ascended along a frightfully rough washed-out road to almost 3,000 meters in elevation. Despite challenging weather conditions with nearly constant rain and intermittent heavy fog, our persistence allowed us to collect an excellent suit of highland endemics. Almost as soon as we stepped out of the vehicle a noisy flock of Santa Marta Parakeet flew into view followed by a cooperative Rusty-headed Spinetail and furtive Brown-rumped Tapaculo. Lively Yellow-crowned Whitestarts were in regular

attendance with mixed flocks also containing colorful Santa Marta Mountain Tanagers and a single Santa Marta Warbler showing off its complex facial pattern. White-tipped Quetzal proved a bit tricky calling in the mist, but we managed outrageous views of several Santa Marta Toucanets and a brightly colored pair of Golden-breasted Fruiteaters. We managed to coax the tricky Santa Marta Rufous Antpitta across the dirt track before making our way towards El Dorado, a very comfortable eco-lodge with a friendly staff that caters perfectly to nature enthusiasts and birders. The hummingbird feeders were buzzing with activity including goodies such as White-tailed Starfrontlet, the tiny Santa Marta Woodstar, and a surprise Lazuline Sabrewing. The compost pile was well worth staking out for cracking views of visiting Black-fronted Wood Quail, Orange-billed Nightingale Thrush, Black-hooded Thrush, gaudy Blue-naped Chlorophonia, and the endemic subspecies of Stripe-headed Brush Finch. We concluded our eventful day with a responsive Santa Marta Antpitta that posed well for everyone to watch singing through the binoculars.

The normally arid cactus-studded scrub on the Guajira Peninsula stretching northeast of the Santa Marta Mountains was surprisingly lush this year from heavy recent rains. Arriving at dawn, it took little time before we were encountering a collection of localized specialties such as the bright White-whiskered Spinetail, several ridiculously tame Rufous-throated Puffbirds, Pileated Finch, a male Trinidad Euphonia through the scope, and several perched Buffy Hummingbirds. Scanning the coastal lagoons produced a variety of terns, gulls, migrant waders, pelicans, stilts, frigatebirds, egrets, and several bright pink Roseate Spoonbills and Caribbean Flamingos. A gorgeous iridescent Ruby Topaz put on quite a show for us before we coaxed a responsive Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl into view along with a mob of birds including the snazzy Orinoco Saltator, Colombia's first record of White-eyed Vireo (photos), Venezuelan Flycatcher, and an outstanding adult Chestnut Piculet. One of the finest experiences of the morning, however, was spending fifteen minutes admiring a family of Vermilion Cardinals. This included a brilliant male quietly cracking seeds twenty feet in front of us while we admired the flashy elongated crest and color of this sought-after species.

We enjoyed a delicious seafood dinner that evening before perusing through the indigenous textiles and handicrafts being sold along the Caribbean seawall that was alive with the local nightlife. Opportunistic stops during our return journey the following day allowed for memorable views of the localized Black-backed Antshrike, White-fringed Antwren, the endemic subspecies of Black-crested Antshrike, and a confiding male Lance-tailed Manakin in the dense vine tangles before we set out for our final morning birding in the north. Driving through the coastal scrub at dawn we soon located our primary target, the range-restricted Chestnut-winged Chachalaca perched on top of a cactus, before continuing into the mangroves, a habitat that is being destroyed at a critical level throughout most of the world for urban expansion and prawn farms. Birding along a newly-constructed boardwalk, we enjoyed excellent views of American Pygmy Kingfisher, Golden-green Woodpecker, the black-winged form of Wattled Jacana, Bicolored Conebill, and with some persistence we nailed the endangered Sapphire-bellied Hummingbird – a fine way to conclude the pre-tour extension before our return flight to Bogota.

Avoiding the congested highways of the capital city with an early departure, we accessed the high Paramo of Chingaza where we were impressed by the sheer variety of flowers that included an endless selection of blooming orchids in the moss-laden elfin stunted forest. Here we birded through this unique vegetation gradually working our way above 3,500 meters, locating specialties such as the secretive Silvery-throated Spinetail, Pale-naped and Slaty Brush Finches, the white-faced form of Golden-fronted Whitestart, Matorral (Pale-bellied) Tapaculo, endemic Rufous-browed Conebill, and a surprise pair of Undulated Antpittas. We only heard Brown-breasted Parakeets passing by above the steep slope while locating a responsive Rufous Antpitta, but it was perhaps the fine selection of montane hummingbirds that were most

unforgettable. These included Coppery-bellied Puffleg, Blue-throated Starfrontlet, Glowing Puffleg, a perched male Purple-backed Thornbill in the sunshine, Amethyst (Longuemare's) Sunangel, and amazing views of the localized Bronze-tailed Thornbill.

A vigil along the edge of the remaining wetlands near Bogota produced the endemic Apolinar's Wren, Spot-flanked Gallinule, Yellow-hooded Blackbird, and although water levels were unusually high due to heavy recent rains, several people still managed views of a vocal Bogota Rail. On the middle slopes of the eastern Andes we visited the mist belt forest along Pedropalo Road where several endemic Black Incas were seen well feeding on bromeliads, Moustached Puffbird put on a fine show perched and singing through the scope, active mixed flocks included numerous new tanagers plus Ash-browed Spinetail, a Whiskered Wren in full explosive song, and prolonged scope studies of the rare Turquoise Dacnis. Continuing to slightly lower elevations, for the second time during the tour we were inundated with a profusion of hummingbirds swarming into a garden where the caretakers estimate they use more than 500 pounds of sugar a month filling their thirty feeders! The endemic Indigo-capped Hummingbird and Black-throated Mangos were most abundant, followed by White-vented Plumeleteer and Rufous-tailed Hummingbirds. Purple-crowned Fairy and White-necked Jacobin put in a fine appearance among others, but it was undoubtedly the adorable White-bellied and Gorgeted Woodstars that stole the show!

Crossing over the Magdalena River and ascending into the eastern foothills of the Central Cordillera we first visited the isolated reserve of La Victoria, where the nearby town personified the Colombian rural atmosphere with their traditional square. Despite intermittent rain we located all our target specialties, including full frontal views of Sooty Ant-Tanager brightly adorned with red on the crown and throat, a responsive pair of endangered White-mantled Barbets, Colombian Chachalaca, brief views of a vocal Velvet-fronted Euphonia, and excellent studies of the poorly-known Antioquia Bristle Tyrant. We encountered other more widespread species such as a perched Laughing Falcon, the endemic subspecies of Yellow-backed Tanager, Orange-billed Sparrow, and unbelievable views of a confiding covey of Crested Bobwhite before driving northward through the Magdalena Valley. Here we found Bare-faced and Buff-necked Ibis along the roadside wetlands, White-headed Marsh-Tyrant, Blue-and-yellow Macaw, and our primary target, the threatened Northern Screamer that showed proudly through the scope.

Our afternoon visit inside the foothill forest of Rio Claro was very productive, and included scoping a pair of Citron-throated Toucans calling on the ridgeline, a flashy male Blue Cotinga perched close by, Chestnut-headed Oropendolas attending their pendulous nests, and after an adventurous hike through the streambed gorge we stood inside a cave watching the resident colony of noisily screeching Oilbirds, one of only a handful of birds in the world that uses echolocation. As there was too much rain during our walk along the scenic river the following morning, we decided to continue early to the fantastic reserve of Anori where the active hummingbird feeders at our lodge greeted us with Green-crowned Brilliant, Western and Andean Emeralds, Steely-vented Hummingbird and Green-crowned Woodnymph. Setting out onto surrounding trails the following day into immaculate cloud forest laden with bromeliads, we slowly hiked our way into increasingly stunted forest where we found Parker's Antbird foraging in the vine tangles, several eye-searing Purplish-mantled Tanagers, Flammulated Treehunter, Stiles' Tapaculo that was wonderfully cooperative for everyone to enjoy, and more widespread species such as Red-headed Barbet, a close Collared Trogon, Whiskered Puffbird, and several minutes admiring our first of many Highland Motmots. In a large mixed flock we picked up the scarce endemic Indigo Flowerpiercer and our only group of Red-bellied Grackles, before later soaking up scope views of the rare Chestnut-capped Piha.

After the long drive to reach the reserve of Rio Blanco situated above the city of Manizales, we settled into our simple but cozy lodge where the hummingbird feeders once again impressed us with glittering male Long-tailed Sylph, Buff-tailed Coronet, Fawn-breasted Brilliant, Speckled Hummingbird, and the boldly patterned Collared Inca. Our time here was one of those amazing birding experiences in the Neotropics that we will never forget, including waking to the sight of Black-billed Mountain-Toucans and Andean Guans from our balcony! Besides outstanding hospitality and some excellent traditional cooking, the reserve features several 'antpitta feeders' where worms are placed out every day to attract birds. Here we marveled at several attending species that included decorated Chestnut-crowned Antpittas, a cooperative Chestnut-naped Antpitta eventually coerced into full view, and the rare and local Brown-banded Antpitta that hopped literally at our feet! The tiny Slaty-crowned Antpitta perched nicely in a vine tangle while hiking up the hill before we located a fruiting tree where several species of parrots were found feeding, including eye-level views of the scarce Golden-plumed Parakeet, Scaly-naped Parrot, and brilliant studies of the colorful endangered Rusty-faced Parrot.

We practically dizzied ourselves following one incredible mixed flock for over an hour, eventually tallying more than fifty species swarming together in excited movements and intense sound at all levels of the mossy forest! These included Buff-breasted and Blue-winged Mountain Tanagers, Yellow-billed Cacique, Pearled Treerunner, the luminescent turquoise Black-collared Jay, Black-capped Tyrannulet, Black-eared and Oleaginous Hemispingus, Streaked Tuftedcheek, Pale-edged Flycatcher, a sedentary Dusky Piha, Montane Woodcreeper, Smoke-colored Pewee, Green-and-black Fruiteater, fantastic views of Plushcap showing well in the bamboo, Handsome Flycatcher, Slaty Brush Finch, gaudy Crimson-mantled and Red-vented Woodpeckers, Grey-headed Bush-Tanager, Smoky Bush-Tyrant, White-banded and White-tailed Tyrannulets, Capped Conebill, Blue-and-black and vivid Grass-green Tanagers, Sepia-browed Wren creeping through the vines, Streaked Xenops, Slaty-backed Chat-Tyrant, and a wide range of other warblers, thrushes, spinetails, and tanagers. Further birding though the Rio Blanco reserve produced other specialties such as the tiny but colorful Rufous-crowned Tody-Flycatcher, a pair of Powerful Woodpeckers giving their distinctive double tap while we watched through the scope, and with persistence we saw all the possible 'little mice with wings' including Blackish, Spillman's, and Ash-colored Tapaculos. We also managed to lure an exquisitely patterned Ocellated Tapaculo across a gap through the vine tangle on two occasions, and during the first try the near-endemic Bicolored Antpitta hopped into the open for smashing views!

Ascending towards the snow-covered mountain of Ruiz, which gleamed white in the morning sunshine while we climbed Los Nevados, we were surrounded by stunted elfin forest and flowering Paramo scrub above 4,000 meters. The undisputed highlight of the day was several minutes watching the rare Bearded Helmetcrest, a spectacular hummingbird that 'trap lines', meaning it visits the same flowers at regular intervals on a circuit. The ridiculously tame Tawny Antpitta was another favorite, while some other memorable sightings included a responsive Paramo Tapaculo, Andean Tit-Spinetail, several Stout-billed Cinclodes, a Red-crested Cotinga watched through the scope, Golden-breasted Puffleg, Shining Sunbeam perched on a nest, the scarce Black-backed Bush Tanager, Brown-backed Chat-Tyrant, and intensely colored Golden-crowned Tanager. The endangered Rufous-fronted Parakeet was unfortunately only heard calling through the dense fog, but on our way down the mountain opportunistic birding yielded views of two more localized specialties: the tiny Greyish Piculet and an intricately patterned male Bar-crested Antshrike pumping its tail in full song. Nocturnal birding was equally productive with spot lit views of Band-winged Nightjar, a responsive White-throated Screech-Owl dueting with its mate, and smashing views of a male Lyre-tailed Nightjar with full trains perched only three meters away!

Traveling to the quaint town of Jardin surrounded by picturesque orchards, we found the locals to be welcoming and the town square to be especially impressive, with an enormous cathedral lit up at night by an abundance of multicolored lights to celebrate the holiday season. Numerous recent landslides made our jeep journey into the mountains above Jardin a challenge, however, and eventually we had to trek up a series of steep muddy trails to access the highland reserve of La Ventana that supports the Yellow-eared Parrot, a critically endangered species that clings to existence in remnant habitat scattered with wax palms on which they are dependent for roosting and nesting. Carefully scanning the surrounding forest once reaching the top we picked up the hoarse calls of two birds and watched them flying towards us until we could see the diagnostic patterning of green and yellow in the sunshine. Ecstatic and undoubtedly relieved by our first sighting, we eventually had prolonged scope views of a perched individual and several more fly-overs of these inspirational birds heading towards their roosting area, plus a bonus sighting of a troop of Mountain Coatimundi scurrying across the track. The following morning we visited the lekking site of the exquisite Andean Cock-of-the-rock and were overwhelmed by a frenzy of more than twenty eye-searing males in full raspy song and ostentatious display while we marveled from only five meters away! With some persistence we maneuvered the tiny endemic Munchique Wood Wren into view, while mixed feeding flocks added tanagers to our growing list, including the boldly-pattered Saffron-crowned Tanager, Lacrimose Mountain Tanager and endemic Flame-rumped Tanager.

There is never a shortage of interesting local fruits in Latin America and we continued stopping at roadside stands and sampling unique fruit juices on our way to the sanctuary of Otun-Quimbaya in the Western Cordillera. Here our two star species were the extremely range-restricted Cauca Guan showing nicely through the scope and our regular encounters with bright crimson-fronted Red-ruffed Fruitcrows perched sometimes at eye-level, showing off their gaudy coloration. We were also impressed with a Hoffmann's Two-toed Sloth casually lounging in a roadside *Cecropia*. The mixed forest birding was alive with songs of Chestnut Wood Quail, Moustached Antpitta and an enthusiastic Chestnut-breasted Wren, while mixed flock species included sightings of Plumbeous-crowned Tyrannulet, Spotted Barbtail, Variegated Bristle-Tyrant and a cooperative Crimson-rumped Toucanet. Loading into 4x4 jeeps while ascending the eroded track to Cerro Montezuma, we carefully maneuvered our way around numerous landslides that included sections where the road had completely washed away. The Cauca River below was flowing russet with mud from recent rains, including gigantic uprooted trees piled along the banks and entire houses lying on their side in the middle of the flooded river. After some slipping and sliding along the steep Andean roads we arrived at our accommodation on a farm where our hosts welcomed us with one of the best meals of the trip.

After climbing onto horses early the following morning we rode through star-lit twilight with perfect clear weather, a rare occasion in the normally rainy and foggy montane Choco. The dawn chorus included the ethereal song of Black Solitaire accompanying the clattering of hooves as we ascended to over 2,000 meters, where our first bird sighting after dismounting was the striking endemic Gold-ringed Tanager. Localized humminbirds were also in attendance, including the intensely colored Velvet-purple Coronet, Purple-bibbed White-tip, Brown Inca, White-tailed Hillstar, and several impressive male Violet-tailed Sylphs. Mixed flocks in the higher areas allowed us to find the attractive Star-chested Treerunner feeding along the mossy branches at eye-level, Buffy Tufted-cheek, Uniform Treehunter, a skulky Yellow-breasted Antpitta, Choco Brush Finch, Lineated and Scaly-throated Foliage-gleaners, Orange-breasted Fruiteater, amazing views of feeding Black-chinned Mountain Tanagers, and eventually we lured a new species of *Scytalopus* tapaculo into view that has yet to be described! While walking down the mountainside we also enticed into view several parties of intensely crimson Crested Ant-Tanagers, a Cloud-forest Pygmy-Owl glaring at us through the scope, Club-winged Manakin, views of Bay and the near-endemic Sooty-headed

Wren in full explosive song, Rufous-throated Tanager, and the scarce but beautiful endemic Black-and-gold Tanager.

During Colombia's drought last year Laguna de Sonso had dried up to merely a few puddles so imagine our surprise when we arrived to find the lagoon was now covering the adjacent road, inundating the surrounding houses, and engulfing the reserve headquarters! Waterbirds were conspicuous and included Limpkin, the stately Cocoi Heron, an abundance of waterfowl and a Snail Kite pulling apart an apple snail. In order to find the specialties, however, we had to pile into a row boat for a surprisingly enjoyable paddle across the lagoon before we spotted a roosting Common Potoo, Spot-breasted Woodpecker and outstanding views of the endemic Apical Flycatcher, which we watched from the boat while it called and sallied for insects.

We set out the following morning by special permit into the Pacific foothill forest of Anchicaya where we were thrilled by another surge of lower elevation bird specialties. It is hard to capture the enthusiasm in words but we were buzzing for at least an hour with eye-level views of two male Long-wattled Umbrellabirds sometimes perched only ten meters away! There are too many to name, but some of the other highlights of the morning included the tough Grey-and-gold Tanager, several Slaty-capped Shrike-Vireos, hummingbirds such as Bronzy Hermit and Bronze-tailed Plumeleeter, a pair of cute Pacific Antwrens, Bicolored and Immaculate Antbirds, the scarce Yellow-headed and Golden-collared Manakins, several memorable toucan sightings including the local Stripe-billed Aracari and Chestnut-mandibled Toucan, Long-tailed Tyrant, Tawny-crested and Scarlet-browed Tanagers, Great Antshrike, a White-throated Crake darting across the road, Rose-faced Parrots flying over, and several noisy White-headed Wrens probing for insects in the thick epiphytes.

Our last day allowed us a final opportunity to absorb the abundance of multihued tanagers and hummingbirds that epitomize the heart of Neotropical birding along the cloud forest back-road of El 18. Here activity was constant as we picked out a vocal Black-billed Peppershrike, hummingbirds such as Bronzy Inca and Purple-throated Woodstar, intense Metallic-green and Gold-naped Tanagers, a responsive Slaty Spinetail, and the implausibly adorned Booted Racquet-tail. We were initially concerned about the fog obscuring our views, but as the sun burned away the clouds and the sun shone through the forest we spotted our final target species of the trip, a pair of radiant endemic Multicolored Tanager that we watched gleaning under leaves and foraging along the moss-covered branches at eye-level for several minutes.

Certainly no one went hungry during our tour; in fact the variety of meals continued to unanimously impress us from the beginning of our journey until we celebrated our decidedly euphoric farewell dinner with a tradition of exceptional foods, hearty soups, and unique fruit juices. Exploring Colombia was an adventure with amazing birding opportunities and unforgettable Andean mountain scenery. We were privileged to be traveling here during the height of the nation's ecotourism efforts that included access to numerous pristine nature reserves and unique lodges with charming local hospitality. Thank you all again for an unforgettable travel experience and I look forward to birding again with you all in the future!



Blue-naped Chlorophonia and Andean Garden Scenery

BIRD LIST (700 species)

Nomenclature and taxonomy follows the IOC (International Ornithological Committee) including all recent updates.

E = Endemic, NE = Near-endemic

Tinamous Tinamidae

Tawny-breasted Tinamou

Nothocercus julius

Little Tinamou

Crypturellus soui

Chachalacas, Curassows & Guans Cracidae

Chestnut-winged Chachalaca

Ortalis garrula

Colombian (Speckled) Chachalaca

Ortalis columbiana

Band-tailed Guan

Penelope argyrotis

Andean Guan

Penelope montagnii

Cauca Guan

Penelope perspicax **ENDEMIC**

Sickle-winged Guan

Chamaepetes goudotii

NEW WORLD QUAILS *Odontophoridae*

Crested Bobwhite

Colinus cristatus

Black-fronted Wood Quail

Odontophorus atrifrons **NEAR-ENDEMIC**

Chestnut Wood Quail

Odontophorus hyperythrus **ENDEMIC**

SCREAMERS *Anhimidae*

Northern Screamer

Chauna chavaria **NEAR-ENDEMIC**

DUCKS & GEESE *Anatidae*

Fulvous Whistling Duck

Dendrocygna bicolor

Black-bellied Whistling Duck

Dendrocygna autumnalis

Andean (Speckled) Teal

Anas (flavirostris) andium

Northern Pintail

Anas acuta

American Wigeon

Anas americana

White-cheeked Pintail	<i>Anas bahamensis</i>
Blue-winged Teal	<i>Anas discors</i>
Northern Shoveler	<i>Anas clypeata</i>
Andean (Ruddy) Duck	<i>Oxyura ferruginea</i>

GREBES *Podicipedidae*

Least Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus dominicus</i>
Pied-billed Grebe	<i>Podilymbus podiceps</i>

FLAMINGOS *Phoenicopteridae*

American Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus ruber</i>
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STORKS *Ciconiidae*

Wood Stork	<i>Mycteria americana</i>
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IBISES & SPOONBILLS *Threskiornithidae*

Bare-faced Ibis	<i>Phimosus infuscatus</i>
Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>
Buff-necked Ibis	<i>Theristicus caudatus</i>
Roseate Spoonbill	<i>Platalea ajaja</i>

BITTERN & HERONS *Ardeidae*

Capped Heron	<i>Pilherodius pileatus</i>
Great Blue Heron	<i>Ardea herodias</i>
Cocoi Heron	<i>Ardea cocoi</i>
[Western] Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>
Reddish Egret	<i>Egretta rufescens</i>
Tricoloured Heron	<i>Egretta tricolor</i>
Little Blue Heron	<i>Egretta caerulea</i>
Snowy Egret	<i>Egretta thula</i>
[Western] Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>
Striated Heron	<i>Butorides striata</i>
Yellow-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nyctanassa violacea</i>
Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>

FRIGATEBIRDS *Fregatidae*

Magnificent Frigatebird	<i>Fregata magnificens</i>
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PELICANS *Pelecanidae*

Brown Pelican	<i>Pelecanus occidentalis</i>
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CORMORANTS *Phalacrocoracidae*

Neotropic Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax brasilianus</i>
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ANHINGAS, DARTERS *Anhingidae*

Anhinga	<i>Anhinga anhinga</i>
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NEW WORLD VULTURES *Cathartidae*

Turkey Vulture	<i>Cathartes aura</i>
Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture	<i>Cathartes burrovianus</i>
Black Vulture	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>
King Vulture	<i>Sarcoramphus papa</i>

OSPREYS *Pandionidae*

Western Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>
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KITES, HAWKS & EAGLES *Accipitridae*

Hook-billed Kite	<i>Chondrohierax uncinatus</i>
American Swallow-tailed Kite	<i>Elanoides forficatus</i>
Pearl Kite	<i>Gampsonyx swainsonii</i>
White-tailed Kite	<i>Elanus leucurus</i>
Snail Kite	<i>Rostrhamus sociabilis</i>
Double-toothed Kite	<i>Harpagus bidentatus</i>
Crane Hawk	<i>Geranospiza caerulescens</i>
Sharp-shinned Hawk	<i>Accipiter striatus</i>
Plain-breasted (Sharp-shinned) Hawk	<i>Accipiter ventralis</i>
Barred Hawk	<i>Leucopternis princeps</i>
Common Black Hawk	<i>Buteogallus anthracinus</i>
Savanna Hawk	<i>Buteogallus meridionalis</i>
Black-collared Hawk	<i>Busarellus nigricollis</i>
Black-chested Buzzard-eagle	<i>Geranoaetus melanoleucus</i>
Roadside Hawk	<i>Buteo magnirostris</i>
Grey [-lined] Hawk	<i>Buteo nitidus</i>
Broad-winged Hawk	<i>Buteo platypterus</i>
White-rumped Hawk	<i>Buteo leucorrhous</i>
Short-tailed Hawk	<i>Buteo brachyurus</i>
Swainson's Hawk	<i>Buteo swainsoni</i>
Zone-tailed Hawk	<i>Buteo albonotatus</i>
Black Hawk-eagle	<i>Spizaetus tyrannus</i>

CARACARAS, FALCONS *Falconidae*

Northern [Crested] Caracara	<i>Caracara plancus (cheriway)</i>
Yellow-headed Caracara	<i>Milvago chimachima</i>
Laughing Falcon	<i>Herpetotheres cachinnans</i>
Collared Forest Falcon	<i>Micrastur semitorquatus</i>
American Kestrel	<i>Falco sparverius</i>
Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>

RAILS, CRAKES & COOTS *Rallidae*

White-throated Crake	<i>Laterallus albigularis</i>
Bogota Rail	<i>Rallus semiplumbeus</i> ENDEMIC
Blackish Rail	<i>Pardirallus nigricans</i>

American Purple Gallinule	<i>Porphyrio martinica</i>
Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>
Spot-flanked Gallinule	<i>Gallinula melanops</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
American Coot	<i>Fulica Americana</i>

LIMPKIN *Aramidae*

Limpkin	<i>Aramus guarauna</i>
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STILTS, AVOCETS *Recurvirostridae*

Black-necked Stilt	<i>Himantopus mexicanus</i>
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PLOVERS *Charadriidae*

Southern Lapwing	<i>Vanellus chilensis</i>
Grey (Black-bellied) Plover	<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>
Collared Plover	<i>Charadrius collaris</i>

JACANAS *Jacanidae*

Wattled Jacana	<i>Jacana jacana</i>
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SANDPIPERS, SNIPES *Scolopacidae*

Short-billed Dowitcher	<i>Limnodromus griseus</i>
Marbled Godwit	<i>Limosa fedoa</i>
Whimbrel	<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>
Spotted Sandpiper	<i>Actitis macularius</i>
Solitary Sandpiper	<i>Tringa solitaria</i>
Greater Yellowlegs	<i>Tringa melanoleuca</i>
Willet	<i>Tringa semipalmata</i>
Lesser Yellowlegs	<i>Tringa flavipes</i>
Ruddy Turnstone	<i>Arenaria interpres</i>
Sanderling	<i>Calidris alba</i>
Semipalmated Sandpiper	<i>Calidris pusilla</i>
Western Sandpiper	<i>Calidris mauri</i>
Least Sandpiper	<i>Calidris minutilla</i>

GULLS & TERNS *Laridae*

Laughing Gull	<i>Leucophaeus atricilla</i>
Large-billed Tern	<i>Phaetusa simplex</i>
Gull-billed Tern	<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>
Caspian Tern	<i>Hydroprogne caspia</i>
Common Tern	<i>Sterna hirundo</i>
Yellow-billed Tern	<i>Sterna superciliaris</i>
Cabot's (Sandwich) Tern	<i>Thalasseus acuflavidus</i>
Royal Tern	<i>Thalasseus maximus</i>
Black Skimmer	<i>Rynchops niger</i>

PIGEONS & DOVES *Columbidae*

Scaled Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas speciosa</i>
Bare-eyed Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas corensis</i>
Band-tailed Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas fasciata</i>
Pale-vented Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas cayennensis</i>
Plumbeous Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas plumbea</i>
Ruddy Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas subvinacea</i>
Eared Dove	<i>Zenaida auriculata</i>
Common Ground Dove	<i>Columbina passerina</i>
Ruddy Ground Dove	<i>Columbina talpacoti</i>
Scaled Dove	<i>Scardafella (Columbina) squammata</i>
White-tipped Dove	<i>Leptotila verreauxi</i>
White-throated Quail-dove	<i>Geotrygon frenata</i>

PARROTS *Psittacidae*

Blue-and-yellow Macaw	<i>Ara ararauna</i>
Yellow-eared Parrot	<i>Ognorhynchus icterotis</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Blue-crowned Parakeet	<i>Aratinga acuticaudata</i>
Scarlet-fronted Parakeet	<i>Aratinga wagleri</i>
Brown-throated Parakeet	<i>Aratinga pertinax</i>
Golden-plumed Parakeet	<i>Leptosittaca branickii</i>
Santa Marta Parakeet	<i>Pyrrhura viridicata</i> ENDEMIC
Brown-breasted (Flame-winged) Parakeet	<i>Pyrrhura calliptera</i> ENDEMIC
Barred Parakeet	<i>Bolborhynchus lineola</i>
Rufous-fronted Parakeet	<i>Bolborhynchus ferrugineifrons</i> ENDEMIC
Rose-faced Parrot	<i>Pionopsitta pulchra</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Blue-winged Parrotlet	<i>Forpus xanthopterygius</i>
Spectacled Parrotlet	<i>Forpus conspicillatus</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Orange-chinned Parakeet	<i>Brotogeris jugularis</i>
Rusty-faced Parrot	<i>Hapalopsittaca amazonina</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Blue-headed Parrot	<i>Pionus menstruus</i>
Red-billed Parrot	<i>Pionus sordidus</i>
Bronze-winged Parrot	<i>Pionus chalcopterus</i>
Orange-winged Amazon (Parrot)	<i>Amazona amazonica</i>
Scaly-naped Amazon (Parrot)	<i>Amazona mercenaria</i>
Mealy Amazon (Parrot)	<i>Amazona farinose</i>

CUCKOOS *Cuculidae*

Squirrel Cuckoo	<i>Piaya cayana</i>
Yellow-billed Cuckoo	<i>Coccyzus americanus</i>
Greater Ani	<i>Crotophaga major</i>
Smooth-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga ani</i>
Groove-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga sulcirostris</i>
Striped Cuckoo	<i>Tapera naevia</i>

OWLS *Strigidae*

Tropical Screech Owl	<i>Megascops choliba</i>
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Santa Marta Screech Owl
 White-throated Screech Owl
 Rufous-banded Owl
 Andean Pygmy Owl
 Ferruginous Pygmy Owl
 Cloud-forest Pygmy Owl

Megascops gilesi **ENDEMIC**
Megascops albogularis
Strix (Ciccaba) albitarsis
Glaucidium jardinii
Glaucidium brasilianum
Glaucidium nubicola **NEAR-ENDEMIC**

OILBIRD *Steatornithidae*

Oilbird

Steatornis caripensis

POTOOS *Nyctibiidae*

Common Potoo

Nyctibius griseus

NIGHTJARS *Caprimulgidae*

Pauraque
 Band-winged Nightjar
 Lyre-tailed Nightjar

Nyctidromus albicollis
Caprimulgus longirostris
Uropsalis lyra

SWIFTS *Apodidae*

Chestnut-collared Swift
 White-collared Swift
 Band-rumped Swift
 Grey-rumped Swift
 Short-tailed Swift
 White-tipped Swift

Streptoprocne rutila
Streptoprocne zonaris
Chaetura spinicaudus
Chaetura cinereiventris
Chaetura brachyura
Aeronautes montivagus

HUMMINGBIRDS *Trochilidae*

Rufous-breasted Hermit
 Band-tailed Barbthroat
 Green Hermit
 White-whiskered Hermit
 [Western] Long-billed Hermit
 Tawny-bellied Hermit
 Sooty-capped Hermit
 Bronzy Hermit
 Lazuline Sabrewing
 White-necked Jacobin
 Brown Violetear
 Green Violetear
 Sparkling Violetear
 Black-throated Mango
 Ruby Topaz (Hummingbird)
 Western Emerald
 Red-billed Emerald
 Coppery Emerald
 Violet-crowned Woodnymph

Glaucis hirsutus
Threnetes ruckeri
Phaethornis guy
Phaethornis yaruqui **NEAR-ENDEMIC**
Phaethornis longirostris
Phaethornis syrmatophorus
Phaethornis augusti **NEAR-ENDEMIC**
Phaethornis aeneus **NEAR-ENDEMIC**
Campylopterus falcatus
Florisuga mellivora
Colibri delphinae
Colibri thalassinus
Colibri coruscans
Anthracothorax nigricollis
Chrysolampis mosquitus
Chlorostilbon melanorhynchus
Chlorostilbon gibsoni
Chlorostilbon russatus **ENDEMIC**
Thalurania colombica

Green-crowned Woodnymph	<i>Thalurania fannyi</i>
Sapphire-throated Hummingbird	<i>Lepidopyga coeruleogularis</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Sapphire-bellied Hummingbird	<i>Lepidopyga lilliae</i> ENDEMIC
Shining-green Hummingbird	<i>Lepidopyga goudoti</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Buffy Hummingbird	<i>Leucippus fallax</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Rufous-tailed Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia tzacatl</i>
Andean Emerald	<i>Amazilia franciae</i>
Indigo-capped Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia cyanifrons</i> ENDEMIC
Blue-chested Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia amabilis</i>
Steely-vented Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia saucerrottei</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC*
Blossomcrown	<i>Anthocephala floriceps</i> ENDEMIC
White-vented Plumeleteer	<i>Chalybura buffonii</i>
Bronze-tailed (Red-footed) Plumeleteer	<i>Chalybura urochrysia</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Speckled Hummingbird	<i>Adelomyia melanogenys</i>
Fawn-breasted Brilliant	<i>Heliodoxa rubinoides</i>
Empress Brilliant	<i>Heliodoxa imperatrix</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Green-crowned Brilliant	<i>Heliodoxa jacula</i>
White-tailed Hillstar	<i>Urochroa bougueri</i>
Buff-tailed Coronet	<i>Boissonneaua flavescens</i>
Velvet-purple Coronet	<i>Boissonneaua jardini</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Shining Sunbeam	<i>Aglaeactis cupripennis</i>
Mountain Velvetbreast	<i>Lafresnaya lafresnayi</i>
Bronzy Inca	<i>Coeligena coeligena</i>
Brown Inca	<i>Coeligena wilsoni</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Black Inca	<i>Coeligena prunellei</i> ENDEMIC
Collared Inca	<i>Coeligena torquata</i>
Purple-bibbed Whitetip	<i>Urosticte benjamini</i>
White-tailed Starfrontlet	<i>Coeligena phalerata</i> ENDEMIC
Blue-throated Starfrontlet	<i>Coeligena helianthea</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Sword-billed Hummingbird	<i>Ensifera ensifera</i>
Great Sapphirewing	<i>Pterophanes cyanopterus</i>
Tourmaline Sunangel	<i>Heliangelus exortis</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Amethyst (Longuemare's) Sunangel	<i>Heliangelus clarisse</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Glowing Puffleg	<i>Eriocnemis vestita</i>
Coppery-bellied Puffleg	<i>Eriocnemis cupreovertris</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Golden-breasted Puffleg	<i>Eriocnemis mosquera</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC*
Greenish Puffleg	<i>Haplophaedia aureliae</i>
Booted Racket-tail	<i>Ocreatus underwoodii</i>
Black-tailed Trainbearer	<i>Lesbia victoriae</i>
Green-tailed Trainbearer	<i>Lesbia nuna</i>
Purple-backed Thornbill	<i>Ramphomicron microrhynchum</i>
Bearded Helmetcrest	<i>Oxypogon guerinii</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Tyrian Metaltail	<i>Metallura tyrianthina</i>
Viridian Metaltail	<i>Metallura williami</i>
Rainbow-bearded Thornbill	<i>Chalcostigma herrani</i>
Bronze-tailed Thornbill	<i>Chalcostigma heteropogon</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Long-tailed Sylph	<i>Agelaiocercus kingi</i>

Violet-tailed Sylph	<i>Agelaiocercus coelestis</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Wedge-billed Hummingbird	<i>Schistes (Augastes) geoffroyi</i>
Purple-crowned Fairy	<i>Heliothryx barroti</i>
Purple-throated Woodstar	<i>Calliphlox mitchellii</i>
White-bellied Woodstar	<i>Chaetocercus mulsant</i>
Gorgeted Woodstar	<i>Chaetocercus heliodor</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Santa Marta Woodstar	<i>Chaetocercus astreans</i> ENDEMIC

TROGONS *Trogonidae*

Collared Trogon	<i>Trogon collaris</i>
Masked Trogon	<i>Trogon personatus</i>
Golden-headed Quetzal	<i>Pharomachrus auriceps</i>
White-tipped Quetzal	<i>Pharomachrus fulgidus</i>

KINGFISHERS *Alcedinidae*

American Pygmy Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle aenea</i>
Green Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle americana</i>
Amazon Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle amazona</i>
Ringed Kingfisher	<i>Megaceryle torquata</i>
Belted Kingfisher	<i>Megaceryle alcyon</i>

MOTMOTS *Momotidae*

Whooping (Blue-crowned) Motmot	<i>Momotus subrufescens</i>
Highland Motmot	<i>Momotus aequatorialis</i>

JACAMARS *Galbulidae*

Rufous-tailed Jacamar	<i>Galbula ruficauda</i>
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PUFFBIRDS *Bucconidae*

Russet-throated Puffbird	<i>Hypnelus ruficollis</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
White-whiskered Puffbird	<i>Malacoptila panamensis</i>
Moustached Puffbird	<i>Malacoptila mystacalis</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Lanceolated Monklet	<i>Micromonacha lanceolata</i>

NEW WORLD BARBETS & TOUCANS *Ramphastidae*

White-mantled Barbet	<i>Capito hypoleucus</i> ENDEMIC
Red-headed Barbet	<i>Eubucco bourcierii</i>
Santa Marta (Emerald) Toucanet	<i>Aulacorhynchus lautus</i> ENDEMIC
Crimson-rumped Toucanet	<i>Aulacorhynchus haematopygus</i>
Black-billed Mountain Toucan	<i>Andigena nigrirostris</i>
Collared Aracari	<i>Pteroglossus torquatus</i>
Stripe-billed Aracari	<i>Pteroglossus sanguineus</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Keel-billed Toucan	<i>Ramphastos sulfuratus</i>
Citron-throated Toucan	<i>Ramphastos citreolaemus</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Chestnut-mandibled Toucan	<i>Ramphastos swainsonii</i>

WOODPECKERS *Picidae*

Scaled Piculet	<i>Picumnus squamulatus</i>
Olivaceous Piculet	<i>Picumnus olivaceus</i>
Greyish Piculet	<i>Picumnus granadensis</i> ENDEMIC
Chestnut Piculet	<i>Picumnus cinnamomeus</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Acorn Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes formicivorus</i>
Red-crowned Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes rubricapillus</i>
Smoky-brown Woodpecker	<i>Picoides (Veniliornis) fumigatus</i>
Yellow-vented Woodpecker	<i>Veniliornis dignus</i>
Bar-bellied Woodpecker	<i>Veniliornis nigriceps</i>
Red-rumped Woodpecker	<i>Veniliornis kirkii</i>
Golden-green Woodpecker	<i>Piculus chrysochloros</i>
Crimson-mantled Woodpecker	<i>Colaptes rivolii</i>
Golden-olive Woodpecker	<i>Colaptes rubiginosus</i>
Spot-breasted Woodpecker	<i>Colaptes punctigula</i>
Lineated Woodpecker	<i>Dryocopus lineatus</i>
Powerful Woodpecker	<i>Campephilus pollens</i>
Crimson-crested Woodpecker	<i>Campephilus melanoleucos</i>

OVENBIRDS *Furnariidae*

Stout-billed Cinclodes	<i>Cinclodes excelsior</i>
Caribbean (Pale-legged) Hornero	<i>Furnarius longirostris</i>
Andean Tit-spinetail	<i>Leptasthenura andicola</i>
White-chinned Thistletail	<i>Schizoeaca fuliginosa</i>
Silvery-throated Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis subpudica</i>
Azara's Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis azarae</i>
Pale-breasted Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis albescens</i>
Rusty-headed Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis fuscorufa</i> ENDEMIC
Slaty Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis brachyura</i>
White-whiskered Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis candei</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Red-faced Spinetail	<i>Cranioleuca erythroptis</i>
Streak-capped Spinetail	<i>Cranioleuca hellmayri</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Ash-browed Spinetail	<i>Cranioleuca curtata</i>
Yellow-chinned Spinetail	<i>Certhiaxis cinnamomeus</i>
Many-striped Canastero	<i>Asthenes flammulata</i>
Rusty-winged Barbtail	<i>Premnornis guttuligera</i>
Spotted Barbtail	<i>Premnoplex brunnescens</i>
Star-chested (Fulvs-dtttd) Treerunner	<i>Margarornis stellatus</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Pearled Treerunner	<i>Margarornis squamiger</i>
Pacific (Buffy) Tuftedcheek	<i>Pseudocolaptes johnsoni</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Streaked Tuftedcheek	<i>Pseudocolaptes boissonneauitii</i>
Montane Foliage-gleaner	<i>Anabacerthia striaticollis</i>
Scaly-throated Foliage-gleaner	<i>Anabacerthia variegaticeps</i>
Western (Striped) Woodhaunter	<i>Hylocistis virgatus</i>
Buff-fronted Foliage-gleaner	<i>Philydor rufum</i>
Striped Treehunter	<i>Thripadectes holostictus</i>

Uniform Treehunter	<i>Thripadectes ignobilis</i>
Streak-capped Treehunter	<i>Thripadectes virgaticeps</i>
Flammulated Treehunter	<i>Thripadectes flammulatus</i>
Buff-throated Foliage-gleaner	<i>Automolus ochrolaemus</i>
Santa Marta Foliage-gleaner	<i>Automolus rufipectus</i> ENDEMIC
Plain Xenops	<i>Xenops minutus</i>
Streaked Xenops	<i>Xenops rutilans</i>
Tyrannine Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrocincla tyrannina</i>
Plain-brown Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrocincla fuliginosa</i>
Olivaceous Woodcreeper	<i>Sittasomus griseicapillus</i>
Wedge-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Glyphorynchus spirurus</i>
Strong-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphocolaptes promeropirhynchus</i>
Cocoa Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus susurrans</i>
Northern Barred Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus sanctithomae</i>
Olive-backed Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus triangularis</i>
Straight-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Dendroplex picus</i>
Montane Woodcreeper	<i>Lepidocolaptes lacrymiger</i>
Streak-headed Woodcreeper	<i>Lepidocolaptes souleyetii</i>

ANTBIRDS *Thamnophilidae*

Great Antshrike	<i>Taraba major</i>
Black-crested Antshrike	<i>Sakesphorus canadensis</i>
Barred Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus doliatus</i>
Bar-crested Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus multistriatus</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Uniform Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus unicolor</i>
Black-backed Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus melanonotus</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Western Slaty Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus atrinucha</i>
Pacific Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula pacifica</i>
White-flanked Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula axillaris</i>
Checker-throated Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula fulviventris</i>
Northern White-fringed Antwren	<i>Formicivora intermedia</i>
Rufous-rumped Antwren	<i>Terenura callinota</i>
Long-tailed Antbird	<i>Drymophila caudata</i>
Parker's Antbird	<i>Cercomacra parkeri</i> ENDEMIC
Chestnut-backed Antbird	<i>Myrmeciza exsul</i>
Immaculate Antbird	<i>Myrmeciza immaculate</i>
Bicoloured Antbird	<i>Gymnopithys leucaspis</i>

ANTTHRUSHES *Formicariidae*

Black-faced Antthrush	<i>Formicarius analis</i>
Rufous-breasted Antthrush	<i>Formicarius rufipectus</i>

ANTPITTAS *Grallariidae*

Undulated Antpitta	<i>Grallaria squamigera</i>
Moustached Antpitta	<i>Grallaria alleni</i>
Tawny Antpitta	<i>Grallaria quitensis</i>

Brown-banded Antpitta
 Bicoloured Antpitta
 Santa Marta Antpitta
 White-bellied Antpitta
 Yellow-breasted Antpitta
 Chestnut-naped Antpitta
 Chestnut-crowned Antpitta
 Rufous Antpitta
 [Santa Marta Rufous Antpitta]
 Rusty-breasted Antpitta
 Slaty crowned Antpitta

Grallaria milleri **ENDEMIC**
Grallaria rufocinerea **NEAR-ENDEMIC**
Grallaria bangsi **ENDEMIC**
Grallaria hypoleuca
Grallaria flavotincta
Grallaria nuchalis
Grallaria ruficapilla
Grallaria rufula
Grallaria [rufula] spatiator **ENDEMIC**
Grallaricula ferrugineipectus
Grallaricula nana

TAPACULOS *Rhinocryptidae*

Ash-coloured Tapaculo
 Northern White-crowned Tapaculo
 Santa Marta Tapaculo
 Narino Tapaculo
 Chocó Tapaculo
 Stiles's Tapaculo
 Brown-rumped Tapaculo
 Spillmann's Tapaculo
 Cerro Montezuma (Pisones) Tapaculo
 Matorral Tapaculo
 Paramo Tapaculo
 Blackish Tapaculo
 Ocellated Tapaculo

Myornis senilis
Scytalopus atratus
Scytalopus sanctaemartae **ENDEMIC**
Scytalopus vicinior **NEAR-ENDEMIC**
Scytalopus chocoensis **NEAR-ENDEMIC**
Scytalopus stilesi **ENDEMIC**
Scytalopus latebricola **NEAR-ENDEMIC**
Scytalopus spillmanni
Scytalopus spp. **ENDEMIC**
Scytalopus griseicollis **ENDEMIC**
Scytalopus canus
Scytalopus latrans
Acropternis orthonyx

TYRANT FLYCATCHERS *Tyrannidae*

Sooty-headed Tyrannulet
 Plumbeous-crowned Tyrannulet
 Black-capped Tyrannulet
 Ashy-headed Tyrannulet
 Yellow-crowned Tyrannulet
 Yellow-bellied Elaenia
 Small-billed Elaenia
 Sierran Elaenia
 Mountain Elaenia
 Greenish Elaenia
 Southern Beardless Tyrannulet
 Rufous-browed Tyrannulet
 White-tailed Tyrannulet
 White-banded Tyrannulet
 White-throated Tyrannulet
 Torrent Tyrannulet
 Mouse-coloured Tyrannulet
 Rufous-headed Pygmy Tyrant

Phyllomyias griseiceps
Phyllomyias plumbeiceps
Phyllomyias nigrocapillus
Phyllomyias cinereiceps
Tyrannulus elatus
Elaenia flavogaster
Elaenia parvirostris
Elaenia pallatangae
Elaenia frantzii
Myiopagis viridicata
Camptostoma obsoletum
Phylloscartes superciliaris
Mecocerculus poecilocercus
Mecocerculus stictopterus
Mecocerculus leucophrys
Serpophaga cinerea
Phaeomyias murina
Pseudotriccus ruficeps

Tawny-crowned Pygmy Tyrant	<i>Euscarthmus meloryphus</i>
Golden-faced Tyrannulet	<i>Zimmerius chrysops</i>
Variiegated Bristle Tyrant	<i>Phylloscartes poecilotis</i>
Marble-faced Bristle Tyrant	<i>Phylloscartes ophthalmicus</i>
Antioquia Bristle Tyrant	<i>Phylloscartes lanyoni</i> ENDEMIC
Sepia-capped Flycatcher	<i>Leptopogon amaurocephalus</i>
Slaty-capped Flycatcher	<i>Leptopogon superciliaris</i>
Rufous-breasted Flycatcher	<i>Leptopogon rufipectus</i>
Streak-necked Flycatcher	<i>Mionectes striaticollis</i>
Olive-striped Flycatcher	<i>Mionectes olivaceus</i>
Ochre-bellied Flycatcher	<i>Mionectes oleagineus</i>
Northern Tufted Flycatcher	<i>Mitrephanes phaeocercus</i>
Northern Scrub Flycatcher	<i>Sublegatus arenarum</i>
Slender-billed Inezia (Tyrannulet)	<i>Inezia tenuirostris</i>
Ornate Flycatcher	<i>Myiotriccus ornatus</i>
Black-capped Pygmy Tyrant	<i>Myiornis atricapillus</i>
Scale-crested Pygmy Tyrant	<i>Lophotriccus pileatus</i>
Pale-eyed Pygmy Tyrant	<i>Atalotriccus pilaris</i>
Pearly-vented Tody-tyrant	<i>Hemitriccus margaritaceiventer</i>
Bronze-olive Pygmy-Tyrant	<i>Pseudotriccus pelzelni</i>
Black-throated Tody-tyrant	<i>Hemitriccus granadensis</i>
Rufous-crowned Tody-flycatcher	<i>Poecilotriccus ruficeps</i>
Slaty headed Tody-flycatcher	<i>Poecilotriccus sylvia</i>
Common Tody-flycatcher	<i>Todirostrum cinereum</i>
Yellow-olive Flatbill (Flycatcher)	<i>Tolmomyias sulphurescens</i>
Ochre-lore (Yellow-breasted) Flatbill	<i>Tolmomyias flaviventris</i>
Olive-faced (Yellow-olive) Flatbill	<i>Tolmomyias viridiceps</i>
Flavescent Flycatcher	<i>Myiophobus flavicans</i>
Handsome Flycatcher	<i>Myiophobus pulcher</i>
Bran-coloured Flycatcher	<i>Myiophobus fasciatus</i>
Black-tailed Myiobius (Flycatcher)	<i>Myiobius atricaudus</i>
Cinnamon Flycatcher	<i>Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus</i>
Acadian Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax virescens</i>
Willow Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax traillii</i>
Olive-sided Flycatcher	<i>Contopus cooperi</i>
Smoke-coloured Pewee	<i>Contopus fumigatus</i>
Western Wood Pewee	<i>Contopus sordidulus</i>
Black Phoebe	<i>Sayornis nigricans</i>
Vermilion Flycatcher	<i>Pyrocephalus rubinus</i>
Slaty-backed Chat-tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca cinnamomeiventris</i>
Brown-backed Chat-tyrant	<i>Ochthoeca fumicolor</i>
Pied Water Tyrant	<i>Fluvicola pica</i>
White-headed Marsh Tyrant	<i>Arundinicola leucocephala</i>
Streak-throated Bush Tyrant	<i>Myiotheretes striaticollis</i>
Smoky Bush Tyrant	<i>Myiotheretes fumigatus</i>
Long-tailed Tyrant	<i>Colonia colonus</i>
Cattle Tyrant	<i>Machetornis rixosa</i>

Piratic Flycatcher	<i>Legatus leucophaeus</i>
Rusty-margined Flycatcher	<i>Myiozetetes cayanensis</i>
Social Flycatcher	<i>Myiozetetes similis</i>
Great Kiskadee	<i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i>
Golden-crowned Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes chrysocephalus</i>
Streaked Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes maculatus</i>
Boat-billed Flycatcher	<i>Megarynchus pitangua</i>
Tropical Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>
Grey Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus dominicensis</i>
Fork-tailed Flycatcher	<i>Tyrannus savana</i>
Rufous Mourner	<i>Rhytipterna holerythra</i>
Dusky-capped Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tuberculifer</i>
Venezuelan Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus venezuelensis</i>
Apical Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus apicalis</i> ENDEMIC
Pale-edged Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus cephalotes</i>
Great Crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus crinitus</i>
Brown-crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tyrannulus</i>
Bright-rumped Attila	<i>Attila spadiceus</i>

COTINGAS *Cotingidae*

Blue Cotinga	<i>Cotinga nattererii</i>
Red-crested Cotinga	<i>Ampelion rubrocristatus</i>
Green-and-black Fruiteater	<i>Pipreola riefferii</i>
Golden-breasted Fruiteater	<i>Pipreola aureopectus</i>
Orange-breasted Fruiteater	<i>Pipreola jucunda</i>
Dusky Piha	<i>Lipaugus fuscocinereus</i>
Chestnut-capped Piha	<i>Lipaugus weberi</i> ENDEMIC
Rufous Piha	<i>Lipaugus unirufus</i>
Red-ruffed Fruitcrow	<i>Pyroderus scutatus</i>
Andean Cock-of-the-rock	<i>Rupicola peruvianus</i>
Long-wattled Umbrellabird	<i>Cephalopterus penduliger</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC

MANAKINS *Pipridae*

Yellow-headed Manakin	<i>Chloropipo flavicapilla</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Lance-tailed Manakin	<i>Chiroxiphia lanceolata</i>
Golden-winged Manakin	<i>Masius chrysopterus</i>
Golden-collared Manakin	<i>Masius vitellinus</i>
White-bearded Manakin	<i>Manacus manacus</i>
Club-winged Manakin	<i>Machaeropterus deliciosus</i>

TITYRAS, BECARDS *Tityridae*

Barred Becard	<i>Pachyramphus versicolor</i>
Cinereous Becard	<i>Pachyramphus rufus</i>
Cinnamon Becard	<i>Pachyramphus cinnamomeus</i>
White-winged Becard	<i>Pachyramphus polychopterus</i>
Black-and-white Becard	<i>Pachyramphus albogriseus</i>

One-coloured Becard

*Pachyramphus homochrous***FAMILY UNCERTAIN *Incertae Sedis***

Wing-barred Piprites

*Piprites chloris***VIREOS & GREENLETS *Vireonidae***

Yellow-throated Vireo

Vireo flavifrons

Brown-capped Vireo

Vireo leucophrys

Red-eyed Vireo

Vireo olivaceus

Yellow-green Vireo

Vireo flavoviridis

White-eyed Vireo

Vireo griseus

Rufous-naped Greenlet

Hylophilus semibrunneus

Scrub Greenlet

Hylophilus flavipes

Golden-fronted Greenlet

Hylophilus aurantiifrons

Slaty-capped Shrike-vireo

Vireolanius leucotis

Rufous-browed Peppershrike

Cyclarhis gujanensis

Black-billed Peppershrike

*Cyclarhis nigristrois***CROWS & JAYS *Corvidae***

Black-chested Jay

Cyanocorax affinis

White-naped (Green) Jay

Cyanocorax luxuosus

Black-collared Jay

Cyanolyca armillata **NEAR-ENDEMIC**

Beautiful Jay

*Cyanolyca pulchra***SWALLOWS & MARTINS *Hirundinidae***

White-winged Swallow

Tachycineta albiventer

Grey-breasted Martin

Progne chalybea

Purple Martin

Progne subis

Blue-and-white Swallow

Notiochelidon cyanoleuca

Brown-bellied Swallow

Notiochelidon (Orochelidon) murina

Northern Rough-winged Swallow

Stelgidopteryx serripennis

Southern Rough-winged Swallow

Stelgidopteryx ruficollis

Barn Swallow

*Hirundo rustica***WRENS *Cinclidae***

Bicoloured Wren

Campylorhynchus griseus

Band-backed Wren

Campylorhynchus zonatus

Rufous Wren

Cinnycerthia unirufa

Sepia-brown (Sharpe's) Wren

Cinnycerthia olivascens

Sedge Wren

Cistothorus platensis

Apolinar's Wren

Cistothorus apolinari **ENDEMIC**

Sooty-headed Wren

Thryothorus spadix **NEAR-ENDEMIC**

Black-bellied Wren

Thryothorus fasciatoventris

Whiskered Wren

Thryothorus mystacalis

Rufous-breasted Wren

Thryothorus rutilus

Bay Wren

Thryothorus nigricapillus

Rufous-and-white Wren	<i>Thryothorus rufalbus</i>
Buff-breasted Wren	<i>Thryothorus leucotis</i>
Southern House Wren	<i>Troglodytes cobbi (aedon)</i>
Mountain Wren	<i>Troglodytes solstitialis</i>
Grey-breasted Wood Wren	<i>Henicorhina leucophrys</i>
Munchique Wood Wren	<i>Henicorhina negreti</i> ENDEMIC
White-breasted Wood Wren	<i>Henicorhina leucosticta</i>
Southern (Scaly-breasted) Nightingale-wren	<i>Microcerculus marginatus</i>
Chestnut-breasted Wren	<i>Cyphorhinus thoracicus</i>

GNATCATCHERS *Poliophilidae*

Long-billed Gnatwren	<i>Ramphocaenus melanurus</i>
Tropical Gnatcatcher	<i>Polioptila plumbea</i>

MOCKINGBIRDS, THRASHES *Mimidae*

Tropical Mockingbird	<i>Mimus gilvus</i>
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THRUSHES *Turdidae*

Andean Solitaire	<i>Myadestes ralloides</i>
Black-billed Thrush	<i>Turdus ignobilis</i>
Pale-breasted Thrush	<i>Turdus leucomelas</i>
Yellow-legged Thrush	<i>Turdus flavipes</i>
Pale-eyed Thrush	<i>Turdus leucops</i>
Chestnut-bellied Thrush	<i>Turdus fulviventris</i>
Glossy-black Thrush	<i>Turdus serranus</i>
Great Thrush	<i>Turdus fuscater</i>
Black-hooded Thrush	<i>Turdus olivater</i>
Black Solitaire	<i>Entomodestes coracinus</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Orange-billed Nightingale-thrush	<i>Catharus aurantiirostris</i>
Slaty-backed Nightingale-thrush	<i>Catharus fuscater</i>
Grey-cheeked Thrush	<i>Catharus minimus</i>
Swainson's Thrush	<i>Catharus ustulatus</i>

FINCHES *Fringillidae*

Trinidad Euphonia	<i>Euphonia trinitatis</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Velvet-fronted Euphonia	<i>Euphonia concinna</i> ENDEMIC
Orange-crowned Euphonia	<i>Euphonia saturata</i>
Thick-billed Euphonia	<i>Euphonia laniirostris</i>
Golden-rumped Euphonia	<i>Euphonia cyanocephala</i>
Orange-bellied Euphonia	<i>Euphonia xanthogaster</i>
Blue-naped Chlorophonia	<i>Chlorophonia cyanea</i>
Chestnut-breasted Chlorophonia	<i>Chlorophonia pyrrhophrys</i>
Andean Siskin	<i>Carduelis spinescens</i>
Hooded Siskin	<i>Carduelis magellanica</i>
Yellow-bellied Siskin	<i>Carduelis xanthogastra</i>
Lesser Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis psaltria</i>

NEW WORLD WARBLERS *Parulidae*

Tennessee Warbler	<i>Vermivora peregrina</i>
Tropical Parula	<i>Parula pitiayumi</i>
American Yellow Warbler	<i>Dendroica aestiva (petechia)</i>
Blackburnian Warbler	<i>Dendroica fusca</i>
Bay-breasted Warbler	<i>Dendroica castanea</i>
Blackpoll Warbler	<i>Dendroica striata</i>
Black-and-white Warbler	<i>Mniotilta varia</i>
American Redstart	<i>Setophaga ruticilla</i>
Prothonotary Warbler	<i>Protonotaria citrea</i>
Northern Waterthrush	<i>Seiurus noveboracensis</i>
Mourning Warbler	<i>Oporornis philadelphia</i>
Wilson's Warbler	<i>Wilsonia pusilla</i>
Canada Warbler	<i>Wilsonia canadensis</i>
Slate-throated Whitestart (Redstart)	<i>Myioborus miniatus</i>
Golden-fronted Whitestart (Redstart)	<i>Myioborus ornatus</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Yellow-crowned Whitestart (Redstart)	<i>Myioborus flavivertex</i> ENDEMIC
Citrine Warbler	<i>Basileuterus luteoviridis</i>
Choco Warbler	<i>Basileuterus chlorophrys</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Black-crested Warbler	<i>Basileuterus nigrocristatus</i>
Santa Marta Warbler	<i>Basileuterus basilicus</i> ENDEMIC
White-lored Warbler	<i>Basileuterus conspicillatus</i> ENDEMIC
Russet-crowned Warbler	<i>Basileuterus coronatus</i>
Golden-crowned Warbler	<i>Basileuterus culicivorus</i>
Rufous-capped Warbler	<i>Basileuterus rufifrons</i>
Three-striped Warbler	<i>Basileuterus tristriatus</i>
Buff-rumped Warbler	<i>Phaeothlypis fulvicauda</i>

OROPENDOLAS, ORIOLES & BLACKBIRDS *Icteridae*

Yellow-backed Oriole	<i>Icterus chrysater</i>
Yellow Oriole	<i>Icterus nigrogularis</i>
Baltimore Oriole	<i>Icterus galbula</i>
Yellow-billed Caciue	<i>Amblycercus holosericeus</i>
Scarlet-rumped Caciue	<i>Cacicus uropygialis</i>
[Northern] Mountain Caciue	<i>Cacicus leucoramphus</i>
Crested Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius decumanus</i>
Russet-backed Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius angustifrons</i>
Chestnut-headed Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius wagleri</i>
Red-bellied Grackle	<i>Hypopyrrhus pyrohypogaster</i> ENDEMIC
Yellow-hooded Blackbird	<i>Chrysomus icterocephalus</i>
Red-breasted Blackbird	<i>Sturnella militaris</i>
Eastern Meadowlark	<i>Sturnella magna</i>
Carib Grackle	<i>Quiscalus lugubris</i>
Great-tailed Grackle	<i>Quiscalus mexicanus</i>
Shiny Cowbird	<i>Molothrus bonariensis</i>

BANANAQUIT *Coerebidae*

Bananaquit

*Coereba flaveola***BUNTINGS, NEW WORLD SPARROWS & ALLIES *Emberizidae***

White-naped (Yellow-throated) Brush Finch	<i>Atlapetes albinucha</i>
Pale-naped Brush Finch	<i>Atlapetes pallidinucha</i>
Slaty Brush Finch	<i>Atlapetes schistaceus</i>
Santa Marta Brush Finch	<i>Atlapetes melanocephalus</i> ENDEMIC
Choco (Tricoloured) Brush Finch	<i>Atlapetes crassus</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Moustached Brush Finch	<i>Atlapetes albofrenatus</i>
Chestnut-capped Brush Finch	<i>Arremon brunneinucha</i>
Stripe-headed Brush Finch	<i>Arremon torquatus</i>
Orange-billed Sparrow	<i>Arremon aurantiirostris</i>
Golden-winged Sparrow	<i>Arremon schlegeli</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Tocuyo Sparrow	<i>Arremonops tocuyensis</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Rufous-collared Sparrow	<i>Zonotrichia capensis</i>

TANAGERS & ALLIES *Thraupidae*

Bicoloured Conebill	<i>Conirostrum bicolor</i>
Rufous-browed Conebill	<i>Conirostrum rufum</i> ENDEMIC
Blue-backed Conebill	<i>Conirostrum sitticolor</i>
Capped Conebill	<i>Conirostrum albifrons</i>
Red-capped Cardinal	<i>Paroaria gularis</i>
Black-faced Tanager	<i>Schistochlamys melanopis</i>
Grass-green Tanager	<i>Chlorornis riefferii</i>
White-capped Tanager	<i>Sericossypha albocristata</i>
Grey-hooded Bush Tanager	<i>Cnemoscopus rubrirostris</i>
Black-capped Hemispingus	<i>Hemispingus atropileus</i>
Superciliaried Hemispingus	<i>Hemispingus superciliaris</i>
Oleaginous Hemispingus	<i>Hemispingus frontalis</i>
Black-eared Hemispingus	<i>Hemispingus melanotis</i>
Guira Tanager	<i>Hemithraupis guira</i>
Grey-headed Tanager	<i>Eucometis penicillata</i>
Scarlet-browed Tanager	<i>Heterospingus xanthopygius</i>
White-shouldered Tanager	<i>Tachyphonus luctuosus</i>
Tawny-crested Tanager	<i>Tachyphonus delatrii</i>
White-lined Tanager	<i>Tachyphonus rufus</i>
Silver-beaked Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus carbo</i>
Crimson-backed Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus dimidiatus</i>
Flame-rumped Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus flammigerus</i> ENDEMIC
Lemon-rumped Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus icteronotus</i>
Blue-grey Tanager	<i>Thraupis episcopus</i>
Glaucous Tanager	<i>Thraupis glaucocolpa</i>
Blue-capped Tanager	<i>Thraupis cyanocephala</i>
Palm Tanager	<i>Thraupis palmarum</i>

Black-and-gold Tanager	<i>Bangsia melanochlamys</i> ENDEMIC
Gold-ringed Tanager	<i>Bangsia aureocincta</i> ENDEMIC
Santa Marta Mountain Tanager	<i>Anisognathus melanogenys</i> ENDEMIC
Lacrimose Mountain Tanager	<i>Anisognathus lacrymosus</i>
Scarlet-bellied Mountain Tanager	<i>Anisognathus igniventris</i>
Blue-winged Mountain Tanager	<i>Anisognathus somptuosus</i>
Black-chinned Mountain Tanager	<i>Anisognathus notabilis</i>
Purplish-mantled Tanager	<i>Iridosornis porphyrocephalus</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Golden-crowned Tanager	<i>Iridosornis rufivertex</i>
Buff-breasted Mountain-tanager	<i>Dubusia taeniata</i>
Fawn-breasted Tanager	<i>Pipraeidea melanonota</i>
Glistening-green Tanager	<i>Chlorochrysa phoenicotis</i>
Multicoloured Tanager	<i>Chlorochrysa nitidissima</i> ENDEMIC
Plain-coloured Tanager	<i>Tangara inornata</i>
Golden Tanager	<i>Tangara arthus</i>
Silver-throated Tanager	<i>Tangara icterocephala</i>
Emerald Tanager	<i>Tangara florida</i>
Saffron-crowned Tanager	<i>Tangara xanthocephala</i>
Flame-faced Tanager	<i>Tangara parzudakii</i>
Speckled Tanager	<i>Tangara guttata</i>
Rufous-throated Tanager	<i>Tangara rufigula</i>
Bay-headed Tanager	<i>Tangara gyrola</i>
Scrub Tanager	<i>Tangara vitriolina</i>
Grey-and-gold Tanager	<i>Tangara palmeri</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Golden-naped Tanager	<i>Tangara ruficervix</i>
Metallic-green Tanager	<i>Tangara labradorides</i>
Blue-necked Tanager	<i>Tangara cyanicollis</i>
Golden-hooded Tanager	<i>Tangara larvata</i>
Beryl-spangled Tanager	<i>Tangara nigroviridis</i>
Blue-and-black Tanager	<i>Tangara vassorii</i>
Black-capped Tanager	<i>Tangara heinei</i>
Black-headed Tanager	<i>Tangara cyanoptera</i>
Turquoise Dacnis	<i>Dacnis hartlaubi</i> ENDEMIC
Yellow-tufted (Black-faced) Dacnis	<i>Dacnis lineata</i>
Blue Dacnis	<i>Dacnis cayana</i>
Green Honeycreeper	<i>Chlorophanes spiza</i>
Purple Honeycreeper	<i>Cyanerpes caeruleus</i>
Red-legged Honeycreeper	<i>Cyanerpes cyaneus</i>
Plushcap (Plush-capped Finch)	<i>Catamblyrhynchus diadema</i>
Tanager Finch	<i>Oreothraupis arremonops</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Black-backed Bush Tanager	<i>Urothraupis stolzmanni</i>
Common Bush Tanager	<i>Chlorospingus ophthalmicus</i>
Yellow-throated Bush-Tanager	<i>Chlorospingus flavigularis</i>
Dusky-bellied Bush-Tanager	<i>Chlorospingus semifuscus</i>
Ashy-throated Bush Tanager	<i>Chlorospingus canigularis</i>
Dusky-faced Tanager	<i>Mitrospingus cassinii</i>
Yellow-faced Grassquit	<i>Tiaris olivaceus</i>

Streaked Saltator	<i>Saltator striatipectus</i>
Greyish Saltator	<i>Saltator coerulescens</i>
Buff-throated Saltator	<i>Saltator maximus</i>
Black-winged Saltator	<i>Saltator atripennis</i>
Orinoco (Orinocan) Saltator	<i>Saltator orenocensis</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Grey Pileated Finch	<i>Coryphospingus pileatus</i>
Plumbeous Sierra Finch	<i>Phrygilus unicolor</i>
Blue-black Grassquit	<i>Volatinia jacarina</i>
Slate-coloured Seedeater	<i>Sporophila schistacea</i>
Variable Seedeater	<i>Sporophila corvina</i>
Yellow-bellied Seedeater	<i>Sporophila nigricollis</i>
Ruddy-breasted Seedeater	<i>Sporophila minuta</i>
Band-tailed Seedeater	<i>Catamenia analis</i>
Paramo Seedeater	<i>Catamenia homochroa</i>
Chestnut-bellied (Lesser) Seed Finch	<i>Oryzoborus angolensis</i>
Slaty Finch	<i>Haplospiza rustica</i>
Rusty Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa sittoides</i>
White-sided Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa albilatera</i>
Glossy Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa lafresnayii</i>
Black Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossa humeralis</i>
Indigo Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossopsis (Diglossa) indigotica</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Bluish Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossopsis (Diglossa) caerulescens</i>
Masked Flowerpiercer	<i>Diglossopsis (Diglossa) cyanea</i>
Saffron Finch	<i>Sicalis flaveola</i>
Scarlet Tanager	<i>Piranga olivacea</i>
Summer Tanager	<i>Piranga rubra</i>
Sooty Ant Tanager	<i>Habia gutturalis</i> ENDEMIC
Crested Ant-Tanager	<i>Habia gutturalis</i> ENDEMIC
Ochre-breasted Tanager	<i>Chlorothraupis stolzmanni</i>

GROSBEAKS, SALTATORS & ALLIES *Cardinalidae*

Vermilion Cardinal	<i>Cardinalis phoeniceus</i> NEAR-ENDEMIC
Southern Yellow (Goldn-bell'd) Grosbeak	<i>Pheucticus chrysogaster</i>
Rose-breasted Grosbeak	<i>Pheucticus ludovicianus</i>

MAMMALS

Neotropical Red-tailed Squirrel	<i>Sciurus granatensis</i>
Andean Squirrel	<i>Sciurus pucheranii</i>
Amazon Dwarf Squirrel	<i>Microsciurus flaviventer</i>
Venezuelan Red Howler Monkey	<i>Alouatta seniculus</i>
White-footed (Silvery Brown) Tamarin	<i>Sanguineus leucops</i> ENDEMIC
Mountain Coatimundi	<i>Nasuella olivacea</i>
Colombian Weasel	<i>Mustela felipei</i>
Virginia Opossum	<i>Didelphis virginiana</i>
Lesser Sac-winged Bat	<i>Saccopteryx leptura</i>
Hoffmann's Two-toed Sloth	<i>Choloepus hoffmanni</i>

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